Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04) Auditing Procedures Report

Auditing F Issued under P.A. 2 of 19			s Repo	ort						
Local Government Type	yama]Village	✓ Other	Local Governme Grand Bla		Library Con	nmission	County	see	
Audit Date 12/31/05		Opinion I 6/8/06			Date Accounta	nt Report Submitte	ed to State:			····
We have audited the accordance with the Financial Statement was affirm that:	ne Staten	nents of	the Govern	mental Accou	inting Stand	ards Board (G	SASB) and the	Uniform f	Reportii	
We have comp	lied with t	he <i>Bullet</i>	in for the Au	idits of Local U	Jnits of Gove	rnment in Mich	nigan as revise	d.		
We are certifie							9			
We further affirm th	e followin	g. "Yes" ı			_	financial stater	ments, includin	g the notes,	or in th	ne report of
You must check the	applicab	e box for	each item b	pelow.						
Yes ✓ No	1. Cer	tain comp	onent units	/funds/agencie	es of the loca	l unit are exclu	ided from the f	inancial sta	tement	S .
Yes Vo 2. There are accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/retained earnings (P.A. 275 of 1980).										
Yes Vo 3. There are instances of non-compliance with the Uniform Accounting and Budgeting Act (P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended).						2 of 1968, as				
Yes 🗸 No	Yes Vo 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.									
Yes 🗸 No						lo not comply amended [MCL	with statutory _ 38.1132]).	requiremen	ts. (P.A	4. 20 of 1943,
☐ Yes 🗸 No	6. The	local uni	t has been o	delinquent in d	distributing ta	x revenues tha	t were collecte	ed for anothe	er taxir	ıg unit.
Yes 🗸 No	The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earne Yes No 7. pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during the year).						ne overfunding			
Yes 🔽 No		local un L 129.24		dit cards and	has not add	opted an appli	icable policy a	s required	by P.A	. 266 of 1995
☐ Yes 🔽 No	9. The	local uni	t has not ad	lopted an inves	stment policy	as required b	y P.A. 196 of 1	1997 (MCL 1	29.95)	
We have enclose	d the follo	owing:					Enclosed	To Be Forward		Not Required
The letter of comm	ents and	recomme	endations.				✓			
Reports on individ	ual federa	I financia	l assistance	programs (pr	rogram audits	s).				✓
Single Audit Repo	rts (ASLG	U).								✓
Certified Public Accoun	•	ame)								
Street Address 111 East Court	Street,	Suite 1	Α		1	City Flint		State MI	ZIP 4850)2
Accountant Signature /	Tax	1	m		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	**************************************		Date 6/	26/0	6

Grand Blanc District Library Commission Grand Blanc, Michigan

Financial Report

December 31, 2005

Grand Blanc District Library Commission Financial Report December 31, 2005

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Grand Blanc District Library Commission Grand Blanc, Michigan List of Appointed Officials

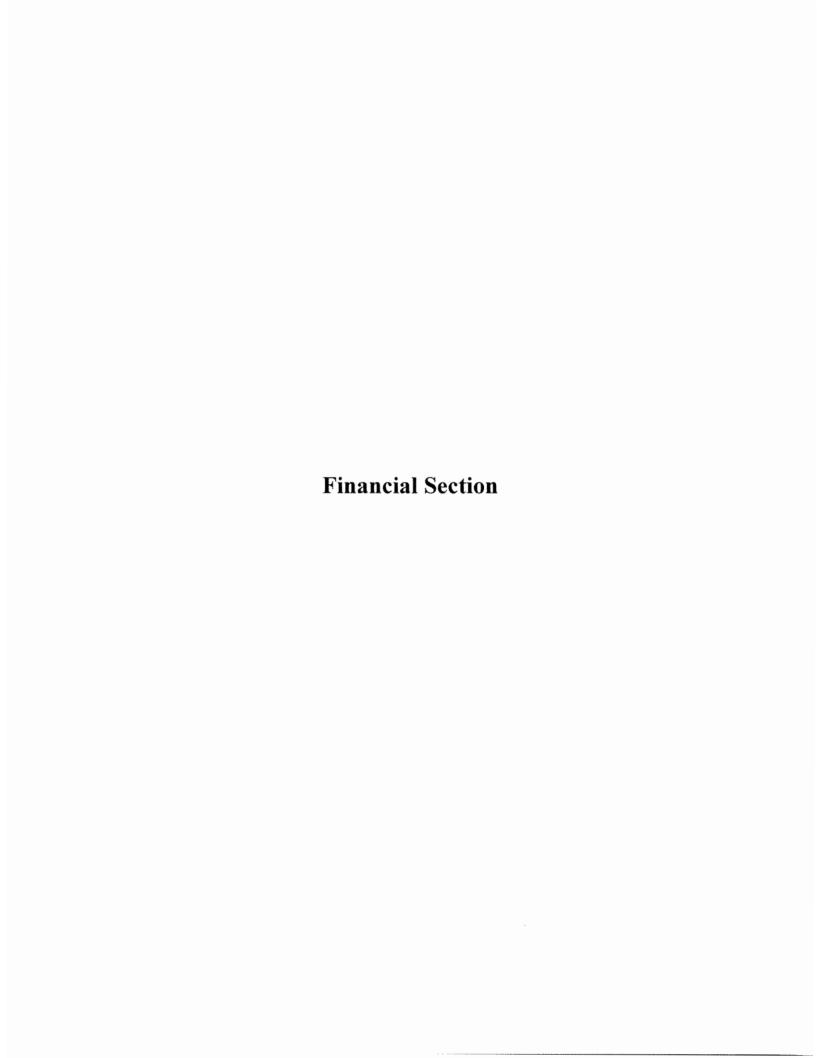
Michael Bourke President

Bob Jones Vice President

Judith R. Schroeder Secretary

Debbie Rolf Treasurer

Pat DeMarco Trustee





Suite 1A 111 E. Court St. Flint, MI 48502 Tel: 810.767.5350 Fax: 810.767.8150

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Members of the Grand Blanc District Library Commission City of Grand Blanc, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities of the Grand Blanc District Library Commission, Grand Blanc, Michigan, as of December 31, 2005, and for the year then ended, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities of the Grand Blanc District Library Commission, Grand Blanc, Michigan at December 31, 2005, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

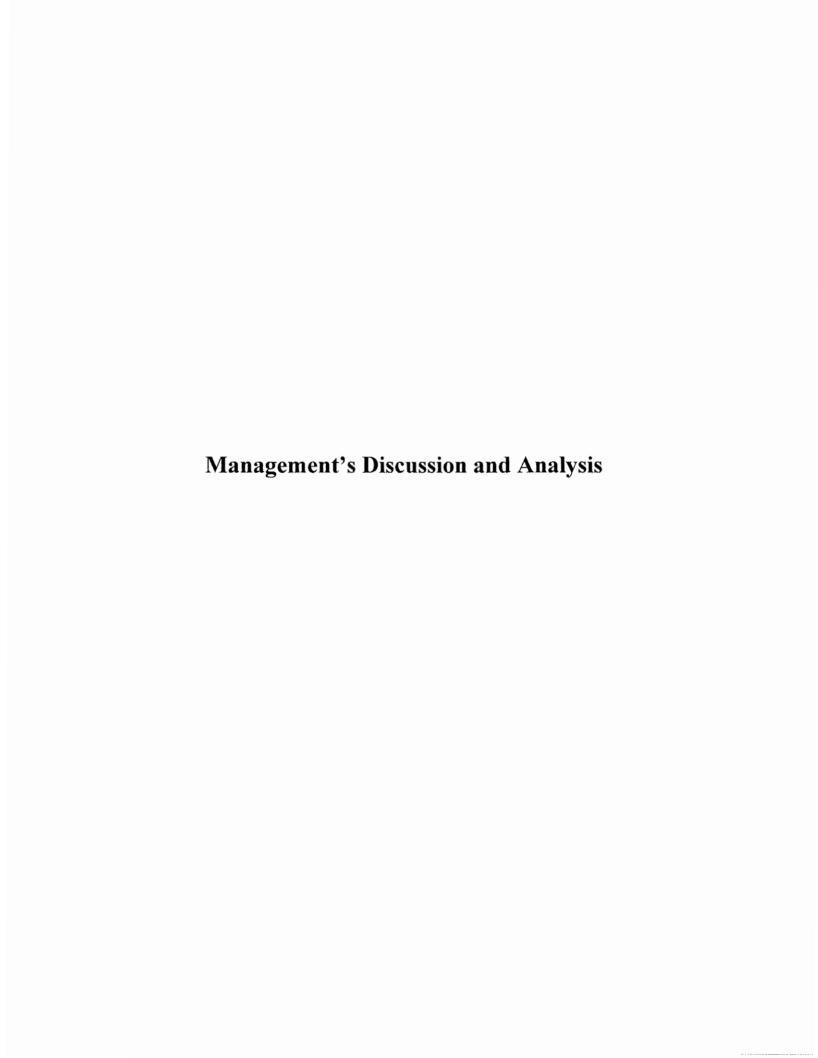
The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 and 4 and the information in the required supplementary information section on page 13 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

PLANTE & MORAN, PLLC

June 8, 2006





Grand Blanc District Library Commission Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Grand Blanc District Library Commission, we offer readers of Grand Blanc District Library Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Grand Blanc District Library Commission.

The basic financial statements for the Grand Blanc District Library Commission are comprised of the governmental fund balance sheet/statement of net assets, combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-statement of activities and notes to the financial statements.

The statement of net assets presents the information of the governmental fund for both the assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the governmental fund's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenue and expenditures are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental fund financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The government-wide financial analysis focuses on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. The total assets of the Commission are \$109,480 of which \$747 represents capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. The liabilities are \$3,374, which represents amounts due to vendors, leaving current net assets of \$106,106.

Net assets increased by \$3,983 for the Commission as a result of \$89,456 in expenses which were offset by local government contributions of \$92,000, interest income of \$1,339, and a donation of \$100.

The Commission adopted and amended their budget. General fund revenues of \$93,439 exceeded expenditures of \$89,085 increasing fund balance by \$4,354. General fund expenditures were \$2,915 under the amended budget.

The Commission as a Whole

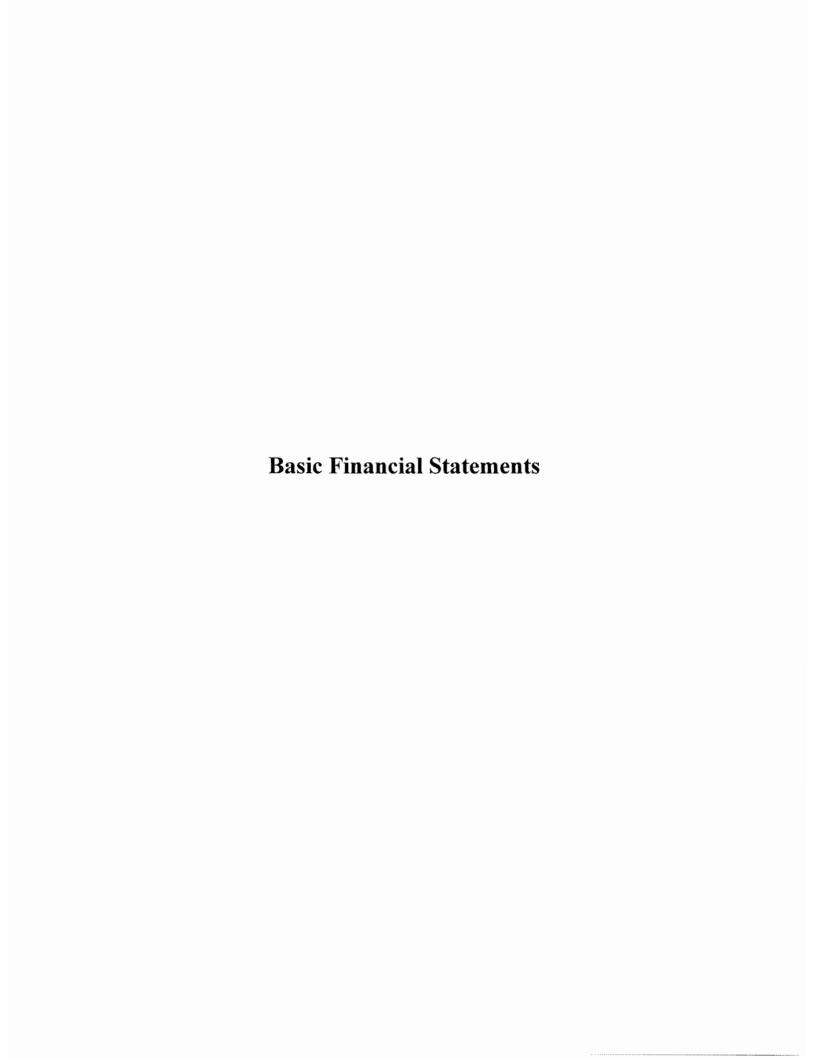
The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current date and compared to the prior year:

	Governmental	Activities
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Current assets	\$108,733	\$103,440
Capital assets	747	1,118
Total assets	109,480	104,558
Current liabilities	3,374	2,435
Total liabilities	3,374	2,435
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets	747	1,118
Unrestricted	105,359	101,005
Total net assets	\$106,106	\$102,123

The Commission's governmental activities net assets increased by 3.75 percent from a year ago – increasing from \$102,123 to \$106,106. Las year's net assets increased 1 percent.

The following table shows the changes of the net assets during the current year and as compared to the prior year:

	Governmental	Activities
	2005	<u>2004</u>
Revenue		
Intergovernmental:		
Charter Township of Grand Blanc	\$ 55,200	\$ 55,200
City of Grand Blanc	36,800	36,800
Interest and other	1,439	345
Total revenue	93,439	92,345
Program Expenses		
Library building operations	89,456	71,915
Total program expenses	89,456	71,915
Change in net assets	\$ 3,983	\$ 20,430

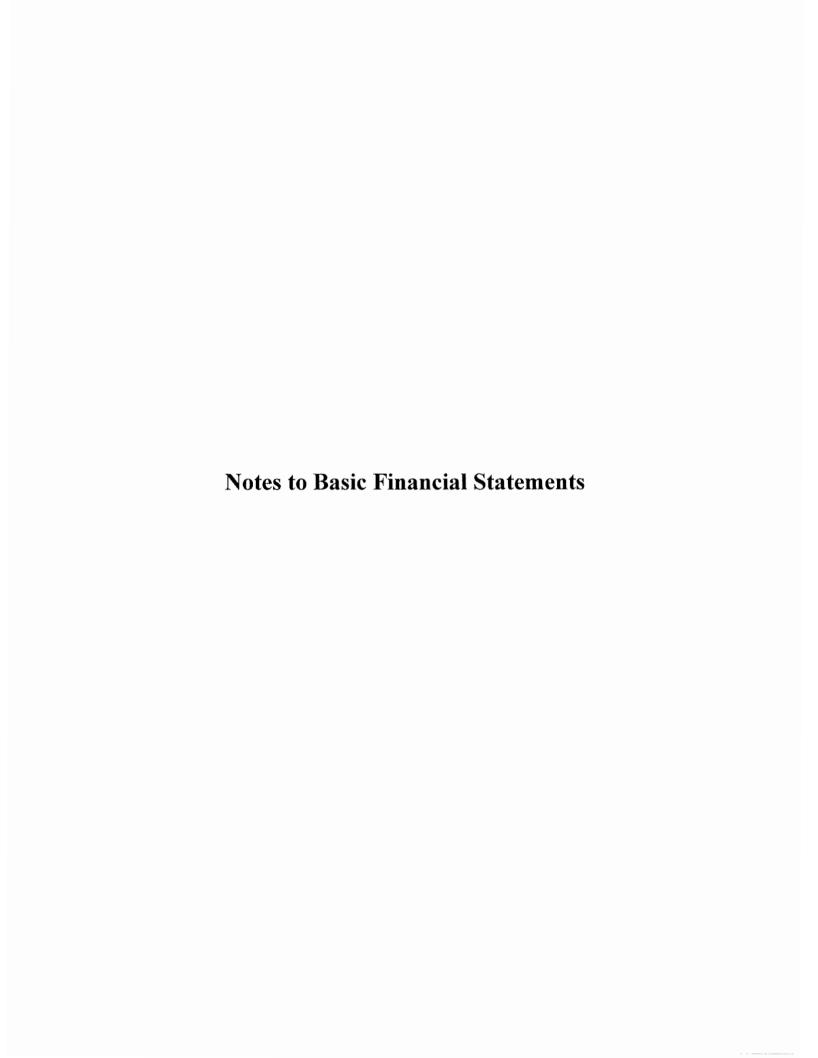


Grand Blanc District Library Commission Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet General Fund December 31, 2005

Assets		General Fund		justments lote II A)	Statement of Net Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Capital assets Due from governments	\$	90,333 - 18,400	\$	- 747 -	\$	90,333 747 18,400	
Total assets	\$	108,733		747		109,480	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	3,374		-		3,374	
Fund Balance/Net Assets							
Fund balance: Unreserved - undesignated		105,359		(105,359)			
Total fund balance		105,359		(105,359)		-	
Total liabilities, and fund balance		108,733					
Net assets: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted				747 105,359		747 105,359	
Total net assets			_\$_	106,106	\$	106,106	

Grand Blanc District Library Commission Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

		eneral Fund	Adjustment (Note II B)		Statement of Activities	
Expenditures/expenses:						
Library building operations	_\$	89,085	\$	371	\$	89,456
Program revenues: Intergovernmental: Charter Township of Grand Blanc		55,200		_		55,200
City of Grand Blanc		36,800		-		36,800
.,	***					
Total program revenues		92,000		-		92,000
Net program revenue (expenditure)		2,915		(371)		2,544
General revenues: Interest and other		1,439		•		1,439
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		4,354		(371)		3,983
Fund balance/net assets: Beginning of the year		101,005		1,118		102,123
End of the year	\$	105,359	\$	747	\$	106,106



I. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies of the Grand Blanc District Library Commission conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Grand Blanc District Library Commission.

A. Reporting entity

The Grand Blanc District Library Commission was formed in September 1, 1991, by an agreement between the City of Grand Blanc and Grand Blanc Township. The Commission was organized for the purpose of providing library services for the district.

The Commission is governed by a five-member Board appointed by the governing bodies of the participating members. The agreement provides that the allocation will be 60% (Township) and 40% (City) of the net expenses split between the two municipalities. In addition, the Board of the Commission is required to submit an annual operating budget to the governing body of each municipality for approval. Any of the members may withdraw from the Commission by giving written notice one year prior to withdrawal. The withdrawing municipality shall convey its interest to the other participating municipality and shall be reimbursed for its share according to a mutual payment plan which will be consistent with allowable budget expenditures.

The City of Grand Blanc made a contribution of \$36,800 and Grand Blanc Township contributed \$55,200 for a total of \$92,000 for the year ended December 31, 2005.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct* expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or units of government who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The Commission does not have any proprietary of fiduciary funds.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies – (continued)

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation – (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e. the balance sheet and governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. This means that only current assets (expendable available financial resources) and current liabilities (those expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources) are generally included on its balance sheet. Its reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Municipal billings associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following governmental fund:

General Fund – It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

1. Deposits

The Commission's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and demand deposits.

2. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include equipment, are reported only in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$300 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

I. Summary of significant accounting policies – (continued)

- D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)
 - 2. Capital assets (continued)

Furniture and fixtures are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Furniture and fixtures	7
Equipment	7

3. Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

4. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance -total governmental funds and net assets -governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet. The details of this difference at December 31, 2005 are as follows:

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 747
Net adjustment to increase fund balance -total governmental funds	
to arrive at net assets -governmental activities	\$ 747

II. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements – (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances -total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation is that governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures at the time of purchase. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The details of this difference for the year ended December 31, 2005 are as follows:

Depreciation expense – library building operations

\$ (371)

Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances –
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets
of governmental activities

\$ (371)

III. Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

Budgetary information

The Commission follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to December 1, a proposed operating budget is submitted to the Commission Board for the year commencing December 1. The operating budget, which is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, includes total proposed expenditures, and the means of financing them, for the General Fund.
- 2. After the Board reviews the proposed budget, it is then sent to the two municipalities for their approval. The budget is legally adopted on a fund basis after each municipality submits its approval to the Commission Board.
- 3. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of the General Fund must first be approved by the Board and then by each municipality.
- 4. Budget appropriations lapse at year end.
- 5. Budgeted amounts are reported on the financial statements as originally adopted and as finally amended by the Commission Board.

IV. Detailed notes on all funds

A. Deposits and investments

Michigan Compiled Laws section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended), authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivision, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Library has designated one bank for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the Board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and CDs, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above. The Library's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority. The Library held no investments at December 31, 2005.

The Library's cash and investments are subject to risk, which is examined in more detail below:

Custodial credit risk of bank deposits:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Library had \$36,047 of bank deposits (checking, savings, and money market accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Library believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Library evaluates each financial institution it deposits funds with and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

B. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2005 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increa	ises	Decre	eases	inding alance
Governmental activities:						
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 2,847	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,847
Equipment	780		-		-	 780
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,627		-		-	 3,627

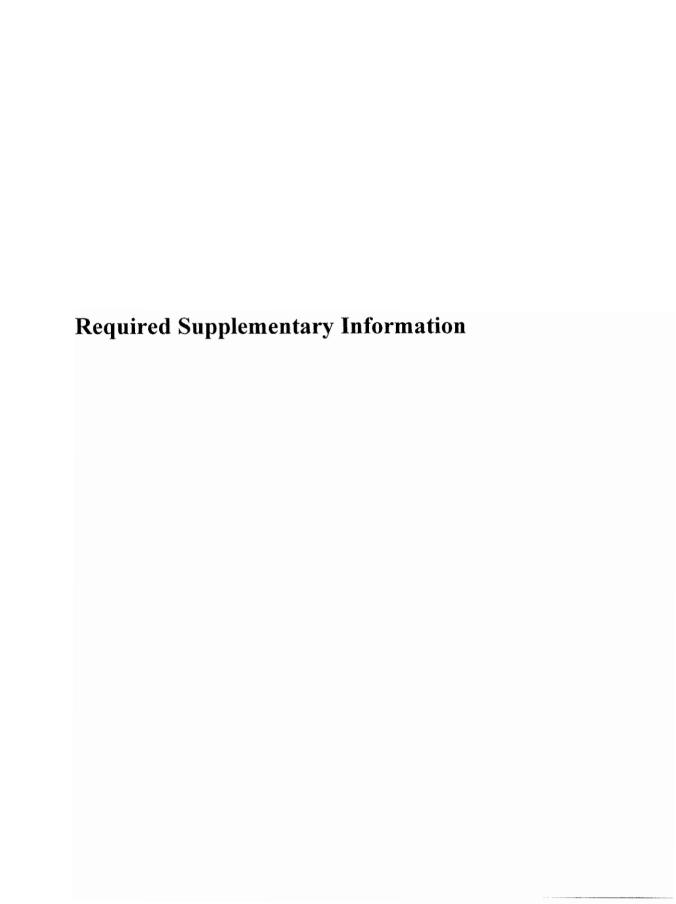
IV. Detailed notes on all funds – (continued)

B. Capital assets – (continued)

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities: - (continued)				
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Furniture and fixtures	(2,076)	(256)		(2,332)
Equipment	(433)	(115)	-	(548)
Total accumulated depreciation	(2,509)	(371)	-	(2,880)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	1,118	(371)	-	747
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,118	\$ (371)	\$ -0-	\$ 747

V. Risk management

The Commission is exposed to various risks at loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions. The Commission has purchased commercial insurance for coverage of all claims. Settled claims for the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.



Grand Blanc District Library Commission Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual-General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Original Amended Budget Budget				Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental:								
Charter Township of Grand Blanc	\$	55,200	\$	55,200	\$	55,200	\$	-
City of Grand Blanc		36,800		36,800		36,800		-
Interest and other income		-		-		1,439		1,439
Total revenues	***************************************	92,000		92,000		93,439	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,439
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Utilities		30,000		26,000		25,303		697
Janitorial services		16,000		16,000		14,801		1,199
Building repairs and maintenance		13,000		14,000		19,654		(5,654)
Telephone		600		600		570		30
Grounds maintenance		8,000		11,000		11,431		(431)
Professional services		5,000		5,000		3,919		1,081
Insurance		6,500		6,500		5,401		1,099
Miscellaneous		400		400		257		143
Plumbing and heating repair		10,000		10,000		6,364		3,636
Security system maintenance		2,500		2,500		1,385		1,115
Total expenditures		92,000		92,000	***************************************	89,085		2,915
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		4,354		4,354
Fund balance - beginning of year		101,005		101,005	~~~~	101,005		
Fund balance - end of year	\$	101,005	\$	101,005	\$	105,359	\$	4,354





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June 8, 2006

Honorable Members of the Board Grand Blanc District Library Commission 515 Perry Road Grand Blanc, Michigan 48439

We have audited the financial statements of the Grand Blanc District Library Commission for the year ended December 31, 2005, and have issued our report under a separate cover.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Grand Blanc District Library Commission for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure. However, we noted a certain matter that we consider to be a reportable condition under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the Commission's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. The following condition was communicated to the Board in conjunction with the prior year's audit and also existed during the current year.

Lack of Segregation of Duties

Because of the volunteer status and the small number of Commission members, the major weakness in the accounting system is a lack of segregation of duties. Duties are properly segregated when Commission responsibilities are arranged so that the work of one board member is reviewed by another and no one board member has control over both the safekeeping of a Commission asset and the financial records for the same asset. The Treasurer of the Commission has control over both the Commission's bank accounts and the financial records. Under these circumstances, the possibility of a error being made in the accounting records and not being discovered on a timely basis exists.

We wish to make it absolutely clear that we are not suggesting that the Treasurer is making errors of any nature. During the course of our audit, we found the Treasurer's records to be both complete and accurate. What we are saying is that due to the lack of segregation of duties, there is an inherent limitation in your system of internal accounting control, and we are required to disclose this to you.



While a lack of segregation of duties exists, the Board has implemented policies and accounting procedures to provide assurance that all disbursements of the Commission are authorized and proper:

- A second signature is required on all Commission checks.
- The Board receives monthly financial reports and reviews all disbursements prior to payment.
- Fidelity bond coverage has been obtained for the Treasurer.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by Commission members in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, we believe that the reportable condition noted above is a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Grand Blanc District Library Commission and the Michigan Department of Treasury. This restriction is not intended to limit the distribution of this report, which is a matter of public record.

We appreciated the opportunity of working with Ms. Debbie Rolf of the Commission. We would like to thank Debbie for the consideration she extended to us during the course of the audit. If you have any questions or concerns regarding the above recommendations or any other items throughout the year, we encourage you to please give us a call.

Sincerely,

Plante & Moran, PLLC

PLANTE & MORAN, PLLC

